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M. E. CHURCH—Rev. G. E. Hill, Pastor. Services at 10:30 o'clock a.m. and 7 p.m. Sunday school at 12 m. Prayer meeting every Thursday evening at 7:30 o'clock. All are cordially invited to attend.

GRAYLING LODGE, No. 255, F. & A. M., meets in regular communication on Thursday evening on or before the full of the moon. Transient members are fraternaly invited to attend. F. F. THATCHER, W. M. A. D. ROBERT, Secretary.

GRAYLING POST, No. 240, G. A. R., meets the second Saturday and fourth Friday in each month. A. J. ROSE, Post Commander. J. C. HANSON, Adjutant.

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Fine Lands Bought and Sold on Commission. Non-Residents' Lands Looked After.

GRAYLING, MICH.
 Office on Michigan Avenue, first door east of the Bank.

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Office in Thatchers' Drug Store.

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GRAYLING, MICH.

The house throughout its entire extent, and especially in the rear, is given to the comfort of general travelers, who will always find ample accommodations.

GRAYLING HOUSE,
 PHILIPS & DAVIS, Proprietors,

GRAYLING, MICH.

The Grayling House is conveniently situated, being just off the main business street, is large and airy, and will be given throughout. Every attention will be paid to the comfort of guests. Fine rooms for comfortable travelers.

CHARRON'S LIVERY STABLE

GRAYLING, MICH.

The finest driving rigs in the State to be found at my stable on Railroad Street. Prompt service and reasonable prices.

J. CHARRON, Proprietor.

GEO. McCULLOUGH,
 TONSORIAL ARTIST,

GRAYLING, MICH.

Speaker and Hair Cutting done in the latest style, and at a reasonable price. All shop near corner of Michigan Avenue and Railroad Street. Dec. 18.

At E. HEWMAN,

COUNTY SURVEYOR

GRAYLING, MICH.

Pine timber lands looked after. Correct estimates given. Trespasses estimated and collected. Surveying done in all its branches.

O. J. BELL,
 GRAYLING, MICHIGAN,
 DEALER IN

FARMING LANDS.

Farms sold or leased; notices and offers to suit purchasers. Pine lands bought and sold, etc., etc.

July 10, 1841.

J. R. McDONALD,

MANUFACTURER OF

Boots and Shoes,

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Special attention given to fine soled work. Repairing attended to promptly.

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 LIVERY, FEED AND SALE

STABLE,

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First-class stables at all times. Good accommodations for farmer or traveler's teams. Sales made on commission and satisfaction guaranteed.

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Crawford Avalanche



O. PALMER,

JUSTICE AND RIGHT.

Publisher and Proprietor.

GRAYLING, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1891.

NUMBER 41.

VOLUME XII.

Michigan Legislature

STATE CAPITAL GOSSIP.

GATHERED IN AND ABOUT LEGISLATIVE HALLS.

Minor and Important Matters that Occupied the Attention of the State Law-Makers—Opposition to Executive Recommendations—Contest Cases, Etc.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE.]

LANSING, Mich., Jan. 13.

For the first time in thirty-six years all branches of the State Government are in the hands of the Democrats. The political revolution has taken place with less friction and animosity than could have been expected. There has been a disposition on the part of outgoing officers to extend every courtesy, and make it easy for the incoming to take up the reins of government, and give the ship of State a smooth and quiet passage.

The opening of the Legislature was noted by the attendance of enthusiastic Democratic delegations from all portions of the state, and the crush at the reception of the incoming Governor was simply terrific.

Representative Miner of Detroit, has given notice of one of the most important bills that will be considered by the present Legislature, and one that will attract general attention throughout the country.

The bill provides for the election of presidential electors by Congressional districts. No law of the kind has been passed by any of the States, but Judge Miner, who has given the matter long study, believes that there can be no question of the constitutionality of such an enactment. It is a measure, he says, which if once engrossed on the statutes would command itself to the Democratic Legislatures in every State in the Union. It would free the country from the West from the oligarchy of New York millionaires that has dictated the nomination of Presidential candidates.

This is the third of the introduction of a bill in the Senate, as given by Mr. Miner. It provides for amendments to the general militia law, and for consolidations, Sections 29 and 30 of Article II. of the act entitled "An act to revise the laws providing for the incorporation of railroad companies and to regulate the running and management and fix the duties and liabilities of all railroads and other corporations owning or operating any railroad in this State." It is a renewal of the fight he made two years ago when the railroads knocked him out.

Senator Miles has begun his old battle against the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad Co. in the Senate by giving notice that he will introduce a bill to forfeit the charter of the road on the ground that it has succeeded the charterholders. If the Senator succeeds in making the bill a law, the Lake Shore will be brought under the graded railroad statute passed at the last session, and the man's line and any branches carrying \$3,000 or over per mile will be compelled to charge two cents a mile for passenger travel.

Representative Miner will introduce a bill designed to relieve the Supreme Court by providing for the appointment of a stenographer to each of the five Justices, thus relieving the latter of a great amount of clerical work. The Justices have been consulted about the measure, and say it will afford them much relief.

Representative Holton of Wayne introduced a bill providing for the exemption of mortgages from taxation, and repealing Act 247, laws of 1887, providing for the recording of mortgages to exempt them from taxation; to create a loan fund for labor and material furnished in construction. Both branches adjourned till the 19th.

Charles A. Erdlander has entered a protest in the Senate against renting Benjamin C. Morse (Rep.), of Alpena, as the Senator from the Twenty-sixth District. The protest was referred to a special committee composed of Senators Wheeler, McCormick and Mugford. The basis of the contest is the irregularities occurring in the preparation of the ballot under the new election law which was in operation at the November election. Morse is the "boy Senator," but says he can hold his seat.

Lieut. Gov. Strong has appointed Julius Brown and Aly Cohen, two of Detroit's brightest and most energetic newspapermen, pages in the Senate. This is a decided and refreshing innovation on the practice which has heretofore prevailed of giving these places to the sons of wealthy and influential Senators. Speaker Wachtel has also declared against the questionable practice, and will distribute the messengership at his disposal among deserving men who need the service. Secretary of State Soper, who was himself once a newsboy, has also found his influence in behalf of the little street merchants.

Speaker Pro Tem. Richardson is preparing a bill to establish supervising control over the toll-road companies of the State. It contemplates the levying of a heavier tax upon them to meet the cost of supervision, and compels the building of roads that are in conformity to the law, or else the tolls.

There is a diversity of opinion in regard to the recommendation of Governor Whans for the abolition of the State Game Wardenship, and this is not confined to either party. More than \$8,000 have been collected in fines for violation of the law since it went into operation. All kinds of game have rapidly increased, and it is regarded by many as one of the most wholesome laws on the statute books.

The sportsmen of the State agree that the game laws cannot be enforced except under the supervision of some officer who is clothed with proper authority, and who has the incentive to take action, and a strong move will be made to counteract the recommendation of his excellency.

A good deal of comment is also unfavorable to the abolition of the State Board of Health as recommended. There is no doubt that we have an abundance of State boards, but this particular one is recognized as the most efficient authority for the promotion of the public health, and it will not be sacrificed without some heroic action on the part of its friends to preserve it. This is not confined to any party, but is the sentiment of many thinking people of all parties.

It is asserted by men of high professional ability that, when the system needs a stimulant nothing equals a cup of fresh coffee. Those who desire to rescue the dipsomaniac from his cups will find no better substitute for his cups than strongly, newly made coffee without milk or sugar.

Brown—they caught a fellow at the theater last night slushing at the scenes flats. Wonder what they'll do with him. Fogg—Don't know. Can't try him for defacing natural scenery; that's certain.

A DELIGATION that teaches that you should love your enemies as much as your friends is lame.

A BRITICAL weapon—The ax of the apostle.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

INCIDENTS THAT HAVE LATELY OCCURRED.

An Interesting Summary of the More Important Doings of Our Neighbors—Weddings and Deaths—Crimes, Casualties, and General Notes.

DR. HENNEAGE GIBBES, of Ann Arbor, who, in collaboration with Dr. Shury of Detroit, has discovered another "consumption cure," has had a remarkable career. He is the son of a clergyman of the Church, and originally designed as a minister. He has also don the cloth. The son had other views, however, and very early in life took to the sea. After many years in the British naval service he resigned his commission and entered

MICHIGAN HAPPENINGS.

EFFECT OF THE WEATHER OF THE PAST MONTH.

Winter Wheat Holding Its Own—Snow Here and There Slightly Covers the Grounds—Considerable Freezing and Thawing Weather—Little Wheat Moving and the Flour Trade Dull.—The Situation in Illinois, Indiana, and Other States.

(Chicago dispatch.)

Two years ago the present week the ground was full of moisture, frozen hard and solid, and all the reports as to the general condition of the winter wheat were not so large but that the majority was the same as at which prevailed in the year early in the evening when the Stewart proposition was introduced.

Winter wheat had been kept in the ground for a number of years, and the winter wheat crop was in the same condition as the previous year.

With the exceptions of some acres through Kansas and Missouri the winter wheat crop has been entirely bare of snow all winter. Then came our first widespread snow of the season extending largely over the southern area of the winter wheat belt. At that time the reports as to the general condition of the winter wheat crop were conflicting, some saying that the winter wheat had developed considerably in size, while others stating that the midwinter had developed considerably in size, and that the wheat was rank and tender.

As the season advanced both of these reports proved to be correct, and these were the causes no doubt which had so much to do with the partial failure of the winter wheat crop of 1890.

Northern Texas reports that the general condition of the growing wheat is good. That there has been very little if any snow this winter. The winter wheat crop is in good condition.

North Carolina reports that the winter wheat crop is in good condition.

South Carolina reports that the winter wheat crop is in good condition.

Georgia reports that the winter wheat crop is in good condition.

Alabama reports that the winter wheat crop is in good condition.

Mississippi reports that the winter wheat crop is in good condition.

Arkansas reports that the winter wheat crop is in good condition.

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The Avalanche.

O. PALMER, EDITOR & PROPRIETOR.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1891.

Entered at the Post Office at Gray
Hill, Mich., as second-class matter.

POLITICAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

State Convention.

A Republican State Convention to nominate a Justice of the Supreme Court in place of John W. Chapman, and two Regents of the University in place of Charles J. Willett and Arthur M. Clark, and for the transaction of other business, will be held at Assembly Hall, in the city of Jackson, on Tuesday, February 24, 1891, at 11 o'clock A. M.

In accordance with a resolution adopted at Grand Rapids May 10, 1876, every county will be entitled to one delegate for each 50th of the total vote cast for Governor at the last election (November, 1890), and one additional delegate for every fraction amounting to 50th, but each organized county will be entitled to at least one delegate.

Under a resolution of 1858 no delegate will be entitled to a seat in the convention who does not reside in the county he proposes to represent.

In compliance with a resolution adopted in Detroit, June 23, 1880, the Secretary of each county Convention is requested to forward to the Secretary of the Central Committee, (Room 6 Butler Block, Detroit), by the earliest mail, after the delegates are chosen, a certified list of such delegates as are entitled to seats in the State Convention from their respective counties.

JAMES McMILLAN,
WILLIAM P. BATES, CHAUMAN,
Secretary.

The Farmers' Alliance in the South is not a separate party, it must be remembered. It works within the Democratic party.—*New York Sun*.

Representative W. C. P. Breckinridge declares that "in all essentials it still the same old South." The recent murder of a Southern postmaster because he was a Republican indicates that he is not far wrong.

The Postmaster-General Wainwright has, at the direction of the President, abolished the Post Office at Catherine, Alabama, because of the action of some of the citizens of that place in driving the republican postmaster away from his office.

Secretary Windom has decided, as he was compelled to under the present law, that the director of the Philadelphia mint was right in declining to coin a silver brick which was presented to him by the agent of several owners of silver mines.

Hon. George L. Yapple has served notice that he will enter a contest for Congressmen Burrows' seat. He charges illegal voting in Hartford, Coventry and Bangor. Another point on which he hinges his claim is that the election was not conducted according to law in the districts in which Burrows received his largest majorities.—*Det. Journal*.

The London Times announces that the Sheffield houses engaged in American trade are suffering greatly from the operation of the new tariff law. The large firms of Westholm, Rogers and others are contemplating a reduction in the wages of their employes. The Rogers firm say they believe that business has been curtailed one-half since the new American tariff went into effect.

The Michigan crop report shows wheat in good condition, and only damaged slightly in some localities by the lack of snow. The total number of bushels reported marketed in Dec. is 1,080,501, and in the five months August-December, 7,739,372. This is 33 per cent of the crop of 1890. In the same months of 1889, 9,006,639 bushels were marketed, or 32 per cent of the crop of 1889.

The democratic editors should hold a caucus for the purpose of getting together in their ideas, particularly as regards the tariff. One of them says in his paper: "We talk a great deal about protection nowadays, but it is mostly blust and bumble. The genuine article is not known to this generation of Americans", while another says: "The McKinley bill carries protection to an extreme never before dreamed of by its most radical advocate." Both of these editors cannot be right, in fact neither of them are, but the quoted language serves for specimens of the ignorance displayed in writing upon this very important subject.—*E. E.*

Pine Stump Lands.

Good farms have been made in the stump lands by both of the methods of cultivation suggested two weeks ago. Applying them separately, and under varying conditions, each is preferable to the other, but the best success has been obtained by combining the two. The only objection to this method is the necessity for waiting for returns, as the land must be devoted to the business of raising fertilizing crops to be plowed under for a number of years.

This practically involves the third system, the three being as follows: 1—Sowing the ground to clover; 2—Plowing the ground to clover; 3—Sowing a similar crop, to be plowed under successively, until the necessary change is made in the surface.

2—Applying absorbent chemicals to the surface until the desired result is produced; salt, combined with plaster or a corresponding substance supposed to be the best.

3—Combining the above two by applying the chemical to the utmost limit while cropping to clover and plowing under, thus shortening the period of waiting for returns, while really producing a better, more effective top coat to the land than by either of the two first methods separately, and a coat that will be of a more permanent nature.

A different and more radical chemical change takes place by the union of the vegetable fertilizer plowed under with the salt and plaster, the freeing of certain gases due to the fermentation of the vegetable during the process of decomposition producing a desirable effect upon the plaster, the salt in the meantime rendering the soil susceptible to change by retaining the necessary moisture.

Each of these methods has its advantages. When the farmer has some clay land or pine land already subdued he can add to his arable lands by submitting his unbroken land to the first process for a number of years, at very small expense; as the only real outlay need be for clover seed, the work being mostly done "between times." Where time is no object and cost is, this is a very satisfactory method. It is also of value where the land is to be planted to orchard.

The second method is one that insures crops from the beginning, and though more costly to begin with is much cheaper in the end, as after the first year, the cost comes out of the crop, and it is much to be preferred where all the lands are stump land. The composite method is the one to be chosen, wherever possible, for its effectiveness, as heretofore explained.

All these plans presuppose the absence of stable manure, at least in effective quantities. But it may be stated here that if a fair quantity of barnyard or stable manure can be procured, it will produce much the same effect as clover in conjunction with the salt mixture, with the advantage that the land can be put into available crops at the very start. The more vegetable matter that can be applied the better.

Illustrations of the practical application of these methods as follows, will give the reader an idea of the effect of each, from which he can draw his own conclusions.

Says a gentleman from one of the eastern lake shore counties of Michigan: I own a large farm of which nearly two-thirds is old pine stump land. The pine was cut a good many years ago, but until quite recently, I confined my farming to my hardwood land, which was not of the best. My house and buildings were just on the edge of the pine land, the highway running on that side. I had fenced the whole but only used it as pasture.

The fire had run over it a good many times, and there was only a portion of it that had succeeded in making the second growth, some of which was pine and some hardwood.

Originally there was a good deal of culm timber left standing, which the fires had killed. I cut all this down and where good enough made it into shingles. As I got these I logged the rest into piles and burned it, and burned out a good many of the stumps especially the Norway, and so got the land cleared of everything but the second growth, some of which was pine and some hardwood.

For a time, and until better use could be made of them, many of these lands could be turned into grazing lands at a handsome profit, beyond a doubt.

One of the unfortunate circumstances attending the Peters failure is the expansion of experiments in this direction, which he had undertaken.

His aims were, however, more in the line of sheep raising, which would, undoubtedly, have been successful.

The winters of the northern pine regions are so long and cold, with deep snows usually, that it is doubtful if stock raising could be made profitable, but there is no doubt that summer grazing would pay well. Whenever by reason of repeated burning or from other causes, the land is not covered too thickly by the scrub, or sapling growth, a rich grass springs up, becoming thicker and thicker every year, till it forms a perfect mat.

This grass has many of the characteristics of the famous "blue-grass" maturing its seed in June, after which it forms a brownish green carpet, which stock will devour to the very roots.

As simple grazing lands, however, the peculiarities of this soil must be taken into account, and provision made for continuous feed through all sorts of summers, wet or dry, cool or hot.

To that end the first thing to be done is to put a stop to running fires. The land should be logged and the heavy rubbish piled and burned as for cultivation; all dead timber should be felled; of course, as a matter of safety to the stock if for no other reason.

The saplings of worthless varieties should be cut, and the thicket, thinned. To guard against drought, saline or other absorbent applications should be made to the surface, after which tame grasses should be sown in all open places and in all swales or moist ground. White clover takes kindly to the soil, and the large Dutch variety would be found of value. But all this would cost money, you say. Of course it would, but not a tithe to the cost of a cattle ranch in one of the mountain states or territories, while the feed would be vastly superior, the water unsurpassed, the cost of maintaining, after once well fenced with wire, much less, and a market right at the gate, when the season closed. Indeed there would be no reason why the cattle should not be slaughtered in the winter, and shipped as dressed-beef, thus adding valuable industries to the stump land states.

These papers have aimed to set forth the agricultural possibilities and value of the pine stump lands, more by way of suggestion than dogmatic theories, the suggestions being the result of chemical analysis, before, during and after the treatment of the soil by the various methods, and by actual experiments in cultivation. If they succeed in calling attention to a neglected field they will have served their purpose.—*Northwestern Lumberman*.

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CORDIALLY INVITED

to call at once and examine our Mammoth Stock of

SUMMER GOODS, which have been purchased

with a full knowledge

of the wants of this community,

and a determination that all shall be

MADE * PERFECTLY * HAPPY, *

who patronize us.

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margin as is consistent with safe business. It is useless to quote prices

here, but if you will call at

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of the undersigned, you will

find our DRY GOODS department

full of the most seasonable goods and

latest novelties.

OUR GROCERY DEPARTMENT IS

fully supplied with everything in that line, fresh and pure; our CLOTHING, equal to any in

NORTHERN MICHIGAN,

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LUMBERMENS' SUPPLIES IN OUR

store-rooms, all at rock-bottom prices.

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DO NOT FORGET THIS!

When you are in need

of anything in the line of DRUGS, MEDICINES, SCHOOL SUPPLIES,

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It will pay you to Call and see me.

AT THE CORNER DRUG STORE,

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Grayling, Michigan.

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NOW IS YOUR CHANCE!

10. Suits of Clothes at \$1.00 each. Regular Price, \$6.00.

10. " " " 5.00 " " " 8.00.

10. " " " 8.00 " " " 10.00.

10. " " " 10.00 " " " 15.00.

50 Overcoats from \$1.00 to 14.00 " price \$8.00 10.00.

200 Hats and Caps will be sold at 1-4 off regular prices.

A FULL LINE OF UNDERWEAR AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

Dutch Socks, Felt and Rubbers, at prices never before offered to the public.

The largest and best line of GLOVES and MITTENS in town. These goods must be sold in the next 60 days.

Call at the store before making your winter purchases of clothing, & we guarantee to save you 25 per cent on your purchases. Fresh Butter & Eggs a specialty. Also a full line of fresh Groceries constantly on hand.

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It is hopeful, generous, effective."

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250 Articles on

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This Book and THE PRAIRIE FARMER | Price of the Book, \$2.00.

Send FREE for a CLUB of FOUR Subscribers to THE PRAIRIE FARMER.

The Avalanche,
J. C. HANSON, Local Editor.

THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1891.

LOCAL ITEMS.

Fresh Popcorn, at Wights'.

The Alpha spirit factory will go into commission next week.

The Manistee First national bank has over \$300,000 on deposit.

Strictly Fresh Eggs, at Claggett & Pringles.

For both Sweet and Sour Apples, go to the store of S. H. & Co.

Fresh Oysters, always on hand, at the Restaurant of C. W. Wight.

Reuben Babbitt, of Jackson, was in town yesterday.

Buy your drugs and medicines of L. Fournier, registered pharmacist.

Geo. L. Alexander is on a business trip to Detroit, and Ann Arbor.

Choice Roll Butter, at Claggett & Pringles.

O. Palmer is at Lansing, to day, with the State Board of Agriculture.

Wight's restaurant is open day and night. Meals served at all hours.

The Third Michigan cavalry meet in reunion at Allegan, February 25.

Nice Evaporated Sweet Corn, at Claggett & Pringles.

Frank Bell has charge of the Post Office during the absence of the P. M.

Fresh Cakes and Crackers, always on hand at C. W. Wight's.

What did Eve say when Adam asked her for to give him a kiss? I don't care A-dam if I do.

Vermont Maple Syrup & Pure Maple sugar, at Claggett & Pringles'.

The mills at Oscoda and Au Sable cut about 300,000,000 feet of lumber last season.

Choice Candles from 12 to 35 cts. per pound, at C. W. Wight's Restaurant.

The Women's Relief Corps will meet at their hall, in regular session, at 9 o'clock, next Saturday afternoon.

Nice Select Candy, 12 cents a pound, at C. W. Wight's.

Marvin Post, No. 210, Grand Army of the Republic, will meet next Saturday evening at the usual hour.

Bulk Oysters for Christmas, at C. W. Wight's.

Mrs F. F. Thatcher, who has had a severe attack of Erysipelas is now able to put in appearance at table.

The best Tea & Coffees, in town, at Claggett and Pringles'.

E. A. Fay, a former resident, is in the village shaking hands with old acquaintances.—Ros. News.

Park & Hazard make the best Men's Shoes in the market, and O. J. Bell sells them.

Laughlin Bros. are lumbering near Wm. McMillen's camp on the South Branch.—Ros. News.

If you want good Shirling Flannels, call and examine the stock of Salling, Hanson & Co.

Pros. Atty. O. J. Bell went to Chicago, the first of the week, by way of Detroit.

When you go after your mail, just look at some of O. J. Bell's lines of Boots and Shoes. He can please you.

Why do girls kiss each other and men not? Because girls have nothing better to kiss and men have.

A few more of those very nice lamps, that will be sold cheap, at the store of S. H. & Co.

W. H. James and family, formerly residents of our village, now reside in Toledo, Ohio.

Do you know that your subscription to the Avalanche is past due? Come in with your \$8.

Ladies, clean your kid gloves with Mather's glove cleaner, for sale only at Fournier's Drug Store. Nov.

Comer and Sorenson filled their ice house this week, with the finest ice ever seen in this section.

Fine Cigars and Tobacco's, cheapest in town, at the restaurant of C. W. Wight.

W. Alger and wife returned from their visit to friends in Southern Michigan, last Friday.

The best line of Canned Fruit in town, California fruit, a specialty. Call and see, at the Pioneer Store.

Our readers will remember that we have special clubbing prices with all the leading magazines and papers.

Ladies', Misses and Childrens' cloaks and a full line of Plush bonnets and caps, at Max Lewinsons'.

Charron & Reid are pushing their business to the full capacity of their mill in Maple Forest.

If you want nice Vermont Maple Syrup, call at the Pioneer Store of S. H. & Co.

The university has 2,350 students registered for this semester, with more coming.

Ladies can save Money, by buying the famous Broadhead dress goods, at Claggett and Pringles'.

Osceola & Au Sable are again talking consolidation. The people are about half and half on the question.

Dr. C. W. Smith has received the appointment of Surgeon for the Mich. C. R. R. at this place.

We have a small stock of Boy's Waists, that must be sold, and sold cheap, at the Pioneer Store.

A stock company will build an electric light plant and waterworks at Standish.

Do you want to buy a cloak for yourself or any of your girls, at your own price, call at Max Lewinsons'.

S. H. & Co. are closing out their stock of Prize Coffee, at reduced prices. Try it.

Chas. Silsby started hauling on his job near Houghton Lake on Wednesday.—Ros. News.

If you are in need of a good snow shovel, call and purchase one of S. H. & Co.

A gold vest chain was found in the street some days ago and awaits the call of the owner, with T. G. High News.

Carl Schmid has moved to Chicago, where he will be engaged in the upholstering business, at which he is an expert workman.

Experienced and Registered Pharmacists on hand day and night to attend to the wants of my patrons. L. Fournier.

An unknown man jumped from the window of a Mackinaw City hotel the other night, and he will die from the injuries. It is thought he is insane.

None but the purest drugs and chemicals used in dispensing. Physicians prescriptions, and family recipes, at the lowest prices. L. Fournier.

Miss Josie Jones, who has been quite sick from inflammatory rheumatism, for the last two weeks, is reported to be improving.

Cloaks will be sold very cheap, at Max Lewinsons', next door to the Post Office, on account of being received too late for the season.

J. O. Hadley continues his improvements in health, which now promises to be permanent. His friends, and that means everybody, rejoice.

For novelties in Plush Caps for children, latest styles, which will be sold cheap, go to Max Lewinsons', next door to the Post Office.

A full line of Alfred Dolge's Felt Slippers and Shoes, constantly on hand, at the store of Salling, Hanson & Co.

Postmaster Jones is in Detroit this week, attending the Masonic Grand Lodge, as delegate from the Grayling Lodge.

Wm. Pringle is attending the Grand Chapter of Royal Arch Masons at Detroit, as delegate of Grayling Chapter, of which he is High Priest.

Mrs. D. M. Kneeland, accompanied

by her brother, went to Grand Rapids, last Monday, to visit a sister in that city.

Mack Taylor has taken charge of a

section on the Bagley branch of the M. C. R. R. He was home Sunday,

to play with the baby.

C. W. Wight is preparing to supply Grayling with Ice Cream next Summer, by putting up a large supply of ice.

Miss Musa and Daisy Havens are quite sick with inflammatory rheumatism. It is hoped that they will soon be better.

Mrs. A. Gouleff, who has been quite sick since the first, is improving, and her mother, Mrs. Dunlap, of Manistee, started for home yesterday.

Wagner Camp S. V., are arranging

for a social at their hall, Friday evening, Feb. 6. Every body expected to enjoy a good time.

The ice harvest is in full blast, and the product was never more perfect. It is from 10 to 12 inches thick and is as clear as crystal.

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Jan. 22, 1891.

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consolidation. The people are about half and half on the question.

Mrs. Fred Robinson and her baby arrived here from Mayville, last Friday, to join her husband who has decided to locate adjoining Dr. W. Niles' place, in Oscoda county.

The Ladies Aid Society of the M. E. Church, will meet at the residence of Mrs. M. E. Hanson, next Thursday afternoon. Every member is expected to be present, as important business requires their attention. By order of the President, Mrs. N. Mickelson.

The articles, last week and this, on Pine Stump Land, from the Chicago Northwestern Lumberman, are full of solid chunks of wisdom, and can be read with pleasure and profit by every body in this part of the State.

The state agricultural society has just wound up its state fair business, and finds that the expenses were \$27,243, covered nicely by the receipts.

The executive committee is now in session at Lansing, with the new president, John T. Rich, in the chair.—Det.

News.

The Midwinter Number of the Delineator has reached us and, if possible, finer than ever. Every department is full of the most perfect descriptions of garments, for street or house, for Children, Misses or Ladies.

If you do not take it, order it of the Butterick Publishing Co., New York, for every number is worth the price,

\$1.00 a year.

Notwithstanding this is the dull season for hotel business, Messrs. Davis

of the Grayling and Anderson, of the Commercial, report a very satisfactory trade.

The fact is, our hotels are so managed that they do not charge custom, and many traveling men double the road to stop here, instead of putting up with inferior accommodations in other towns.

H. Pinkous has bought the interest

of his son Louis in the dry goods and clothing business they have been conducting on Third street, and has concluded to remain in Cheboygan.

The firm has done a good trade ever since they commenced business in the city.

Louis went to Saginaw, Monday evening, to prospect for an opening, but we predict he will return to Cheboygan, thoroughly satisfied that it is the best town in the State.—Cheboygan Tribune.

PETERSON for February is in some respects an advance on the beautiful January number. The illustrations seem even more numerous, and the excellent opening article, "Among Japanese Marvels," displays a profusion

of very effective ones. "The Sheriff of Oskaloosa," by Howard Seely is one of the most spirited sketches we have seen from the pen of this popular author.

Minna Irving contributes a fine poem which is fully illustrated. "A Tardy Answer," by Katharine Allen, is a delightful story and has a number of fine illustrations. Another illustrated paper is "Filling Nooks and Corners," which gives such useful and clear explanations that the veriest house-keeping or furnishing cast profited thereby. Miss McClelland's serial, "In the World," is a wonderfully realistic production, and Mrs. Lucy H. Hooper's "Queen of Diamonds" pronounces to be superior to any of her former efforts. There is besides various capital short stories and poems.

The fashion plates and descriptions, needlework designs, table recipes, and household directions are practical and useful. Terms, two dollars a year, with reduced rates to clubs.

Address, PETERSON MAGAZINE COMPANY, 206 Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

Proposals for Wood.

SEALED Proposals will be received

at my office until January 31, 91,

for furnishing the county with 70 cords

of green Tamarack wood and 15 cords

of dry Norway wood. Wood to be 18

inches in length, and to be delivered

on or before April 1, 1891.

THOMAS WAKELEY, Sheriff of Crawford Co.

Jan. 15, '91.

For Sale.

I HAVE for sale 1 Self Binder, most

new; 1 Moses' Platform Wagon; 1

Platform Buggy; 1 Wheel Barrow

Iron Stander; 1 Pea Cart; 1 pair of

Lumber Boxes; 2 Cook Stoves; 1 Heating Stove; a lot of Cauldrons and

Chains, all for half price with time to suit the buyers.

Jan. 15, '91. G. W. WATSON.

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of green Tamarack wood and 15 cords

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An Appalling Total.

The statistics recently published by the Interstate Commerce Commission or the casualties of railway employees furnish a most impressive argument in favor of the adoption of every device known to decrease the hazard of life and limb to those engaged in railroad work.

From this report it seems that the reported number of employees killed during the year was 1,973, while the injuries reached the appalling total of 20,000. To these may be added the thousands of which no reports were made. The minimum aggregate of 20,000 casualties involving injury to life or limb shows the hazard of railroad work and the absolute necessity of lessening them.

No Wreck Asthor.

Was ever more hopelessly stranded than a wrecked constitution, whether its disaster be the product of some formidable malady or that slow, premature decay that seems to fester upon some constitutions without apparent adequate cause. An excellent means of checking this gradual drain of the sources of vitality is the beneficial tonic, Hostetter's Stomach Bitter, which promotes digestion, enriches the blood and gives substance as well as stamina to an enfeebled frame. Constitution, feeblemen of the kidneys and bladder, fever and ague, and rheumatism, are among the bodily ailments which it remedies promptly and thoroughly. Persistence in its use is a well merited by it.

The wild African "honey bird" can always tell when the natives start to hunt for honey. It will fly in advance and lead them to a hive and is invariably given a portion of the find.

THE POINT.

"A
1"
ST. JACOB'S OIL,
The Great Remedy For Pain,
but to its superiority over all other remedies,
express this:

It Cures Promptly, Permanently;
which means strictly, that the pain-stricken
seek a prompt relief with no return of the
disease. This is its excellence.

TO BE EXPELLED FROM THE NATION.

Non-Citizens in the Chickasaw Territory
to Be Expelled.

A meeting of the squatters of the Chickasaw Nation was held in Purcell, L. T., to oppose the allotment of tribal lands in severalty and the Statehood movement for the Indian Nation. The convention endorsed Gov. Byrd's policy and promised to aid him in expelling intruders from the Nation. They urged that the editors of leading papers favoring the allotment and statehood movements be exiled. There are 35,000 non-citizens in this country, and this element is too-powerful for the Indian Government to force the collection of the tribal tax or put them out of the country. The non-citizens are uneasy at this proposed wholesale expulsion, as they feel that the Government is in earnest and fear that the United States may accede.

IT'S A REAL SURRENDER.

HOTELS Turn Over A Lot of Good Goods.
A lot of goods have turned over to Captain Pierce in the battles. They included him that a systematic search was being made in their houses for weapons, and those found would be turned over immediately. The exact number of arms surrendered cannot be ascertained from the custodian, though the latter placed the number at about 300. At headquarters it is claimed the arms turned over exceed in number any received by them under "shelter" circumstances in the history of the army. General Miles will leave for the East some time next week, unless something unusual should take place, and General Brooke will assume command of the forces which may remain in the field. It is rumored that four companies of the Second Infantry from Omaha, General Wheaton, will remain during the winter, and that the other four companies will return home.

To Move on the Cherokee Strip.

Since the introduction in the Kansas House of Representatives by Congressman Mansur of a bill to open up the Cherokee Strip to settlement immediately and treat with the Indians afterward, the "boomers," the vicinity has been actively at work sending out circulars to the members of the O'Connor and Dill colony for a concentration of forces at that point for an immediate invasion of the strip. The colony consists of 3,000 members, and a private letter has been mailed to each one to assemble on or before Jan. 29, and be prepared to make their permanent home in the Cherokee Strip.

George Bancroft Gone.

The news of the death of George Bancroft, the great historian, comes from Washington. Mr. Bancroft had been in bad health for over two years and the increasing infirmities incident to his old age at last bough about his death. He was born in Worcester, Mass., in 1800, and became famous through his history of the United States.

Furled Under a Mountain.

A disastrous land-slide occurred on the line of the Northern Pacific near Palmer, Wash. A mountain of earth and rock now covers the track of the road for a distance of over 300 yards, and travel has been completely shut off.

Damages from a Railroad.

Peter Kroenke, of Blue Earth County, Minnesota, has been granted a verdict of \$4,753 against the Milwaukee Road for damages to his farm in the third tenth round.

Russian Jews Comitee to America.

Two thousand between 400 and 500 Russian Jewish emigrants landed at Dover a few days ago, en route for America.

Fitzsimmons Is Champion.

At New Orleans, Bob Fitzsimmons, the Australian middleweight, knocked out Jack Dempsey in the thirteenth round.

Moscow's Cream Balm For CATARRH.

Senator Hearst Is Better.
Senator Hearst is feeling brighter and better, and prospects are good for yet a longer lease of life.

Big Loss by Fire.

The loss on the fire at John and James Doherty's carriage works, Philadelphia, Pa., will amount to \$1,500,000. On this there is an insurance of \$1,000,000, placed in 400 different companies in this country and England. Nearly 3,000 employees will be thrown out of employment.

Shot His Son-in-Law.

Judge G. A. Warden, City Attorney of Chattanooga, Tenn., has just been indicted for the murder of his son-in-law, S. M. Fugate, cashier of the South Chattanooga Savings Bank. Whisky did it.

Unpublished Letters of Thackeray.

Among the most interesting literary sales which always form so important a feature of the London season, proper is one which cannot fail to attract a great many Americans, for a number of unpublished letters of Thackeray will be brought under the hammer. To which his admirers will have an opportunity of examining in due course, understand to form a portion of the collection of manuscripts of Lord Crawford's library.

British Buying Gold.

The Russian Minister of Finance is buying up all the gold that he can obtain abroad. It is believed he has accumu-

lated as much as 15,000,000 rubles. It is stated that the Russian Government mediates a law to prohibit foreign vessels engaging in the Russian coasting trade.

KOCH'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

The Berlin Doctor Tells the World How It Is Made.

Prof. Koch's report describing the composition of his lymph is comparatively brief. It says the lymph consists of a glycerine extract derived from the pure cultivation of the tubercle bacilli. Prof. Koch says:

Since publishing two months ago, the results of my experiments with the new remedy for tuberculosis, many physicians who received it, and the communications received in letters and in individual cases, have become acquainted with its properties through their own experiments. So far as I have been able to review the statements published and the communications received in letters and in individual cases, I have been compelled to conclude that the general consensus of opinion is that the remedy has a specific effect upon tubercular tissues and is therefore applicable as a very delicate and sure agent for discovering latent and diagnosing active tubercular disease, and for ascertaining the curative effects of the remedy. Most reports agree that, despite the comparatively short duration of its application, many patients have shown more or less pronounced improvement. It has been asserted that a few cases of consumption have been established. Standing quite by itself is the assertion that the remedy may not only be dangerous in cases which have advanced too far—a fact which may further be conceded—but also that it actually promotes tuberculous processes, being therefore injurious.

BUSINESS PICKING UP.

Reports Indicate an Increase in Volume During the Week.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says:

How far the situation and prospect may be changed by the passage of a "Free Commerce" bill by the Senate is as yet only a matter of conjecture. Reports of the state of the market, however, are rather mixed.

Some would respond others would

not. Senator Faulkner closed his speech at 2 o'clock having had the floor continuously for twelve hours.

After the Senate adjourned at 6 p.m. on the 17th until the 19th, The Republicans seemed determined to pass the election bill, and the Democrats were equally determined that it should not reach this stage, and the Sergeant-at-Arms was kept busy in his endeavor to secure a quorum. When he was dispatched for Senators Hampton and Butler, "They had come into the chamber when they got good and ready," a new feature was brought into the battle. Dolph, of Oregon, demanded to know if a Senator could be compelled to attend these sessions. "Then what?" said Mr. Dolph, "if that is our situation we ought to know it." "Most of us do know it," suggested Mr. Vance. After that there were no more attempts to coerce the Senate into the adoption of the bill.

Mr. Daniel followed Mr. Faulkner in a long speech against the bill. Mr. Aldrich gave notice that on the 20th he would ask the Senate to proceed to the consideration of the remaining legislation.

Senate adjourned at 10 p.m. and the Senate

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